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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/738,285	NISHIKIORI ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Debra F. Charles	3624
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>07 Jules</u> 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This Since this application is in condition for allower closed in accordance with the practice under Example 2.	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4) □ Claim(s) 1-16 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) □ Claim(s) 1-16 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	vn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	ır.	•
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acc	epted or b) objected to by the	Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	•	* * *
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		·
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Application of the second state of the s	ion No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	

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1. As a result of the conversation with the attorney in June 2006, the finality of the previous office action is reversed.

Response to Amendment

1. Claims 1, 13, 14, and 15 have been amended.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments filed September 12, 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The invention looks and behaves like an expert system that provides responses to the user based on data stored in the database and certain business rules. In the inventor's application, there are conditions and constraints use to determine the remaining information needed to relay a computerized response to the system user. This is exactly how an information system works. The examiner has provided references for the expert system.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Borgida et al.(U.S.PAT. 5418943 A), Corey et al.(U.S.PAT. 5987446 A), and Schmidt et al. (EP 000770967A2)

Re claim 1: Borgida disclose an information mediating apparatus for providing mediation services for the user(Abstract), comprising:

a mediating condition storing unit in which mediating condition list data describing specific mediating conditions necessary for mediation has been stored(claim 1, i.e. a database is a storage unit); and

a mediation service processing unit which reads out the mediating condition list data designated in correspondence to a user request from said mediating condition storing unit, (claims 1-13, col. 3, lines 50-60, col. 4, lines 15-55, col. 6, lines 15-67, col. 7, line 35-col. 8, line 65, col. 9, lines 15-65).

Borgida et al. disclose(s) the claimed invention except obtains specific conditions in said readout mediating condition list data, another information storing unit merges said specific
conditions, searches information which satisfies said merged conditions, and presents said
information to the user. However, in col. 2, lines 10-col. 3, line 35, col. 6, lines 25-65 thereof,
Corey et al. disclose(s) two different query search engines that effectively create two different
storage units, and combines the query conditions into one set of results. It would be obvious to
one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the invention of Borgida et al. based on the teachings of
Corey et al. The motivation to combine these references is this type of search engine offers a
significant advantage in that typically, the expressions input by a user are simple lists of words or
phrases and are of benefit to unsophisticated users.

Borgida et al. disclose(s) the claimed invention except storing subject matter information provided by a subject matter service provider specialist obtaining information from another unit for merging; Meditating condition storing unit. However, Schmidt et al. does teach a database management system manages the supply and maintenance of information needed by the modeling processes through the frame manager and a domain management process limits data available to said frames responsive to user selection, and an expert system "expert-based models" (Abstract, page 3, lines 35-55). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art the time the Applicant's invention was made to modify the teachings of Borgida et

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al. to include the step of service provider like Reuters or Thomson Financial providing updated data for the database that operates with a decision-support system installed to extract data from the database responsive to user criteria. The motivation to combine these references is you need a storage device for data in order for the expert system to correctly operate by suggesting or providing a response to the user.

Re claim 2: Borgida et al. disclose(s) the claimed invention except a user interface processing unit which forms display information such as mediation menu, mediation result, and the like and presents said display information to the user; and a logic processing unit which reads out said mediating condition list data, notifies a service providing server group of said read-out data, and forms mediation result information by matching with service information. However, in col. 6, line 35-col. 7, line 35, thereof, Corey et al. disclose(s) a display manager that coordinates a display of data aligned to show the matching result. It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the invention of Borgida et al. based on the teachings of Corey et al. The motivation to combine these references is to show the combined results on the display for the user.

Re claim 3: Borgida et al. disclose said mediation service processing unit designates and reads out specific mediating condition list data by analyzing an uncertain, rough, and abstract request from the user(col. 7, line 35-col. 9, line 65).

Re claim 4: Borgida et al. disclose(s) the claimed invention except said mediation service processing unit presents a selection menu in which request contents are divided into items to the user and designates and reads out the specific mediating condition list data in correspondence to selected menu items. However, in col. 6, line 35-col. 7, line 35, thereof, Corey et al. disclose(s) a

display manager that coordinates a display of data aligned to show the matching result. It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the invention of Borgida et al. based on the teachings of Corey et al. The motivation to combine these references is to show the combined results on the display for the user formatted in a way the user prefers.

Re claim 5: Borgida et al. disclose(s) the claimed invention except said mediation service processing unit extracts corresponding personal information and merges with reference to a personal information storing unit. However, in col. 2, lines 10-col. 3, line 35, col. 6, lines 25-65 thereof, Corey et al. disclose(s) two different query search engines that effectively create two different storage units, and combines the query conditions into one set of results. It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the invention of Borgida et al. based on the teachings of Corey et al. The motivation to combine these references is this type of search engine offers a significant advantage in that typically, the expressions input by a user are simple lists of words or phrases and are of benefit to unsophisticated users.

Re claims 6 and 7: Borgida et al. disclose in the case where the corresponding personal information does not exist or does exist, said mediation service processing unit requests the user to input the personal information(col. 4, lines 55-65, claims 14, 15, and 17).

Re claim 8: Borgida et al. disclose wherein in the case where inquiring conditions to the user exist in the read-out mediating condition list data, said mediation service processing unit merges corresponding personal information as default values by referring to a personal information

storing unit and, thereafter, requests the user to input the personal information while presenting said default values(col. 4, lines 55-65, claims 14, 15, and 17).

Re claim 9: Borgida et al. disclose(s) the claimed invention except in the case where calculating conditions exist in the read-out mediating condition list data, said mediation service processing unit executes a predetermined calculating expression on the basis of other mediating conditions and merges a result of said calculation. However, in col. 2, lines 10-col. 3, line 35, col. 6, lines 25-65 thereof, Corey et al. disclose(s) two different query search engines that effectively create two different storage units, and combines the query conditions into one set of results. It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the invention of Borgida et al. based on the teachings of Corey et al. The motivation to combine these references is this type of search engine offers a significant advantage in that typically, the expressions input by a user are simple lists of words or phrases and are of benefit to unsophisticated users.

Re claim 10: Borgida et al. disclose wherein said mediation service processing unit executes a predetermined calculating expression on the basis of conditions merged by referring to a personal information storing unit or by inquiring of the user and merges a result of said calculation into said calculating conditions(col. 3, lines 50-65, col. 4, lines 55-67, col. 9, line 65-col. 12, line 15).

Re claim 11: Borgida et al. disclose in the case where the mediating condition list data read out from said mediating condition storing unit has a layer structure, said mediation service

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processing unit obtains necessary conditions by sequentially referring to the personal information storing unit from a predetermined layer, by inquiring of the user, and/or by performing a calculating process and merges them(col. 3, lines 50-65, col. 4, lines 55-67, col. 9, line 65-col. 12, line 15).

Re claim 12: Borgida et al. disclose(s) the claimed invention except mediation service processing unit forms new mediating condition list data on the basis of a mediation result presented to the user and decided and stores it into said mediating condition storing unit. However, in col. 6, lines 35-65, Fig. 6C, thereof, Corey et al. disclose(s) combining two separate outputs into one output. It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the invention of Borgida et al. based on the teachings of Corey et al. The motivation to combine these references is this type of search engine offers a significant advantage in that typically, the expressions input by a user are simple lists of words or phrases and are of benefit to unsophisticated users.

Re claims 13 and 14: Borgida disclose an information mediating method of providing mediation services for the user(Abstract),

comprising the steps of:

storing mediating condition list data describing specific mediating conditions necessary for mediation into a mediating condition storing unit(claim 1, i.e. a database is a storage unit, col. 3, lines 50-60, col. 4, lines 15-55, col. 6, lines 15-67, col. 7, line 35-col. 8, line 65, col. 9, lines 15-65).

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Borgida et al. disclose(s) the claimed invention except reading out the mediating condition list data designated in correspondence to a user request from said mediating condition storing unit; obtaining specific conditions mediating condition list data by referring to another in said read-out information storing unit, by inquiring of the user, *and/or* by performing a calculating process based on predetermined conditions and merging said specific conditions; and

searching information which satisfies said merged conditions and presenting said information to the user. However, in col. 2, lines 10-col. 3, line 35, col. 6, lines 25-65 thereof, Corey et al. disclose(s) two different query search engines that effectively create two different storage units, and combines the query conditions into one set of results. It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the invention of Borgida et al. based on the teachings of Corey et al. The motivation to combine these references is this type of search engine offers a significant advantage in that typically, the expressions input by a user are simple lists of words or phrases and are of benefit to unsophisticated users.

Re claim 15: Borgida disclose a method of providing intermediary services to a user(Abstract), comprising: storing a list of intermediary service information for each of the services the intermediary service information list (claim 1, i.e. a database is a storage unit) comprising fixed service information and a variable information source(claims 1-13, col. 3, lines 50-60, col. 4, lines 15-55, col. 6, lines 15-67, col. 7, line 35-col. 8, line 65, col. 9, lines 15-65);

Borgida et al. disclose(s) the claimed invention except receiving a service request from a user and identifying a service on the list;

obtaining variable service information from the variable information source for the service of the request identified on the list; and merging the fixed service information and the variable service information and providing the

intermediary service of the service request to the user responsive to the merged information.

However, in col. 2, lines 10-col. 3, line 35, col. 6, lines 25-65 thereof, Corey et al. disclose(s) two different query search engines that effectively create two different storage units, and

combines the query conditions into one set of results. It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill

in the art to modify the invention of Borgida et al. based on the teachings of Corey et al. The

motivation to combine these references is this type of search engine offers a significant advantage

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in that typically, the expressions input by a user are simple lists of words or phrases and are of

benefit to unsophisticated users.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Debra F. Charles whose telephone number is (571) 272 6791.

The examiner can normally be reached on 9-5 Monday thru Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Vincent A. Millin can be reached on (571) 272 6747. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

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Debra F. Charles Examiner

Examiner

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